Worksheet 1, Math H53 Vectors and Geometry

Thursday, January 24, 2013

- 1. Use vectors to prove that the line joining the midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half its length.
- 2. Prove that from segments congruent to the medians of a given triangle, another triangle can be formed.
- 3. Sides of one triangle are parallel to the medians of another. Prove that the medians of the latter triangle are parallel to the sides of the former one.
- 4. From medians of a given triangle, a new triangle is formed, and from its medians, yet another triangle is formed. Prove that the third triangle is similar to the first one, and find the coefficient of similarity.
- 5. Prove that if the sum of three unit vectors is equal to $\mathbf{0}$, then the angle between each pair of these vectors is equal to 120°
- 6. For arbitrary vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} , verify the equality:

$$|\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}|^{2} + |\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}|^{2} = 2 |\mathbf{u}|^{2} + 2 |\mathbf{v}|^{2},$$

and derive the theorem: the sum of the squares of the diagonals of a parallelogram is equal to the sum of the squares of the sides.

7. Given a quadrilateral with perpendicular diagonals, show that every quadrilateral, whose sides are respectively congruent to the sides of the given one, has perpendicular diagonals.