

# Worksheet 6, Math 1B

## Comparison, Ratio, and Root Tests; Alternating Series

Monday, February 27, 2012

1. Determine whether the series converges absolutely, converges conditionally, or diverges:

(a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n-1}{n4^n}$

(b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{n^2+1}{2n^2+1} \right)^n$

(c)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1+1/n}}$

(d)  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^k$

(e)  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\ln n}$

(f)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}$

(g)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1+4^n}{1+3^n}$

(h)  $1 - \frac{1 \cdot 3}{3!} + \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}{5!} - \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}{7!} + \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot (2n-1)}{(2n-1)!} + \dots$

2. If  $\sum a_n$  is a convergent series with positive terms, is it true that  $\sum \sin(a_n)$  is also convergent?
3. If  $\sum a_n$  and  $\sum b_n$  are both convergent series with positive terms, is it true that  $\sum a_n b_n$  is also convergent?
4. How many terms of the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n5^n}$$

do we need to add in order to find the sum up to an error of  $10^{-4}$ ?