Worksheet 5, Math 1A Mean Value Theorem, Graph Sketching

Friday, November 1, 2013

- 1. Verify that $f(x) = x^3 3x + 2$ satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem on the interval [-2, 2], and find all numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.
- 2. Show that the equation $2x + \cos x = 0$ has exactly 1 real root.
- 3. (Warning: Tricky) Show that the equation $x^4 + 4x + c = 0$ has at most two real roots.
- 4. Suppose that $3 \le f'(x) \le 5$ for all values of x. Show that $18 \le f(8) f(2) \le 30$.
- 5. Does there exist a function f such that f(0) = -1, f(2) = 4, and $f'(x) \le 2$ for all x? If so, give an example. If not, prove it.
- 6. Show that $\sqrt{1+x} < 1 + x/2$ if x > 0.
- 7. Sketch the graph of a function f with the following properties:
 - (a) f'(x) > 0 if |x| < 2
 - (b) f'(x) < 0 if |x| > 2
 - (c) f'(2) = 0
 - (d) $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x) = 1$
 - (e) f(-x) = -f(x)
 - (f) f''(x) < 0 if 0 < x < 3
 - (g) f''(x) > 0 if x > 3
- 8. Let $f(x) = 200 + 8x^3 + x^4$. Find the intervals of increase or decrease of f, the local maximum and minimum values, and the intervals of concavity and inflection points. Use this information to sketch the graph of f.
- 9. Sketch the curve $y = x^3 3a^2x + 2a^3$, where a is a positive constant. What do the members of this family of curves have in common? How do they differ from each other?